

Feb. 21, 2017

Test #1 and Choice #1  
start at 9:00 tomorrow

#7bc, #8 are off the  
assignment

#3f should have been

$$f(x) = 3x^3 + x^2$$

but its too late

## What is on the test

- definitions (explain in your own words)
- Grade 12 Review
  - long/synthetic division
  - sum/diff. of cubes

### Difference Quotient

- making equations of tangents
- avg. / inst. rate of change

## Limits

- factoring to cancel
- substitution
- rationalizing
- infinity

## Derivatives

- word problems
- good algebra

## Substitution Limit

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt[3]{x^2 + 3} - 2}{x - 1}$$

$$\text{set } a = \sqrt[3]{x^2 + 3}$$

$$a^3 = x^2 + 3$$

$$a^3 - 3 = x^2$$

$$\sqrt{a^3 - 3} = x$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{a-2}{\sqrt{a^3-3}-1} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{a^3-3}+1}{\sqrt{a^3-3}+1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow a} \frac{(a-2)(\sqrt{a^3-3}+1)}{a^3-2}$$

Ex. 2:  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - \sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{x} - 1}$

Set  $u = \sqrt{x}$        $x = u^2$   
 $x^2 = u^4$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{u^4 - u}{u - 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{u(u^3 - 1)}{u - 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x(x-1)(x^2+x+1)}{x-1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} x(x^2+x+1)$$

$$\text{set } x = \sqrt{x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sqrt{x}(x + \sqrt{x} + 1)$$

$$= \boxed{3}$$

## Infinity Limits

$$a) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x^2 - 4x + 1}{x + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{3x - 4 + \frac{1}{x}}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$= \boxed{\infty}$$

$$b) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x^4 - 2x^3}{2x^4 + 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4 - \frac{2}{x}}{2 + \frac{1}{x^4}}$$

$$= \frac{4 - 0}{2 + 0} = \boxed{2}$$



$$c) \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{5x}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{5}{x}}{1 + \frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$= \frac{0}{1 + 0} = \boxed{0}$$

## Tangent

Find the equation of the tangent to the line  $f(x) = -2x^3 + 4x$  that has slope 3.

$$m = \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-2(a+h)^3 + 4(a+h) + 2a^3 - 4a}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-\cancel{2}a^3 - 6a^2h - 6ah^2 - 2h^3 + \cancel{4}a}{h}$$

$$= \frac{-6a^2h - 6ah^2 - 2h^3 + 4h}{h}$$

$$m = -6a^2 - 6ah - 2h^2 + 4$$

$$h = 0$$

$$m = -6a^2 + 4$$

$$\underline{+4h + 2a^3 - 4a}$$

Find  $x$ -values when  $m = 3$

$$3 = -6a^2 + 4$$

$$-1 = -6a^2$$

$$\frac{1}{6} = a^2$$

$$a = \pm \sqrt{\frac{1}{6}}$$

$x$ -values when  $m = 3$

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 x = \sqrt{1/6} & ; & x = -\sqrt{1/6} \\
 y = f(\sqrt{1/6}) & ; & y = f(-\sqrt{1/6}) \\
 y = mx + b & ; & y = mx + b \\
 y = 3(\sqrt{1/6}) + b & ; & y = 3(-\sqrt{1/6}) + b \\
 & ; & \\
 & ; & 
 \end{array}$$

## Avg. Rate of Change

The volume of a cylindrical pool is  $V(r) = \pi r^2(20)$ .

What is the average rate of change from a radius of 4m to 6m?

$$m = \frac{f(a+h) - f(a)}{h}$$

$$a = 4 \quad h = 2$$

$$= \frac{\pi(a+h)^2 \cdot 20 - \pi a^2(20)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{20\pi(a^2 + 2ah + h^2) - 20\pi a^2}{h}$$

$$= \frac{40\pi ah + 20\pi h}{h}$$

$$m = 40\pi a + 20\pi h$$

$$a = 4 \quad h = 2$$

$$= 160\pi + 40\pi$$

$$\boxed{m = 200\pi}$$