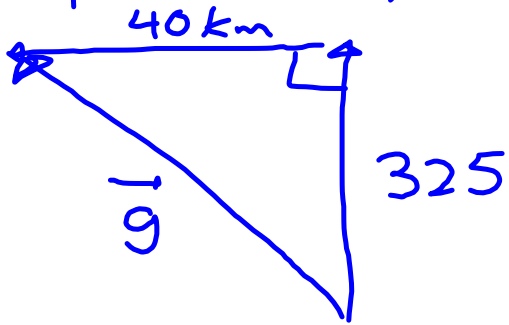


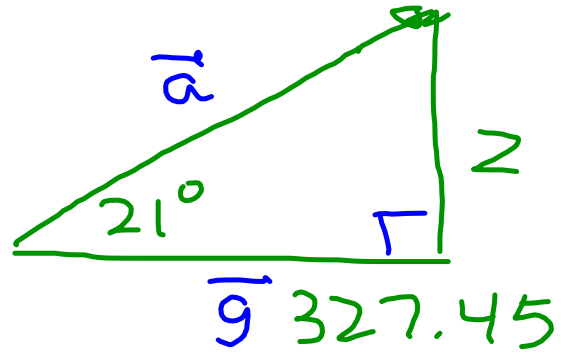
March 23, 2017

Warmup: Superman flies
325 km/h [N] then is blown
40 km/h [W]. If his angle
of elevation is 21° , find
the magnitude of his air and
ground velocity.

top (birds eye)



side view



Let \vec{g} = ground velocity

\vec{a} = air velocity

$$[-40, 325, 0] \quad [-40, 325, 2]$$

$$|\vec{g}| = \sqrt{40^2 + 325^2}$$

$$|\vec{g}| = \sqrt{107225}$$

$$|\vec{g}| = 327.45$$

$$\cos 21^\circ = \frac{327.45}{|\vec{a}|}$$

$$|\vec{a}| = \frac{327.45}{\cos 21}$$

$$|\vec{a}| = 350.7$$

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26b) Find the angle between our new vector and the 35N vector.

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v}}{|\vec{u}| |\vec{v}|}$$

$$|\vec{u}| = 58.7$$

$$|\vec{v}| = 35$$

$$\vec{u} = [25, 35, 40]$$

$$\vec{v} = [0, 35, 0]$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos \theta &= \frac{25(0) + 35(35) + 40(0)}{(58.7)(35)} \\ &= \frac{35^2}{35(58.7)}\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\theta = 53.4^\circ}$$

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The Cross Product

For vectors \vec{u} and \vec{v} ,
we define the **cross product**
of \vec{u} and \vec{v} as

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = (|\vec{u}| |\vec{v}| \sin \theta) \hat{n},$$

θ is the angle between \vec{u} and
 \vec{v}

\hat{n} is a unit vector perpendicular
to \vec{u} and \vec{v}

Ex.1: If $|\vec{u}| = 8$, $|\vec{v}| = 5$,

and $\theta = 30^\circ$,

find $\vec{u} \times \vec{v}$

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = (|\vec{u}| |\vec{v}| \sin \theta) \hat{n}$$

$$= 8 \cdot 5 \cdot \sin 30^\circ \hat{n}$$

$$= 20 \hat{n}$$

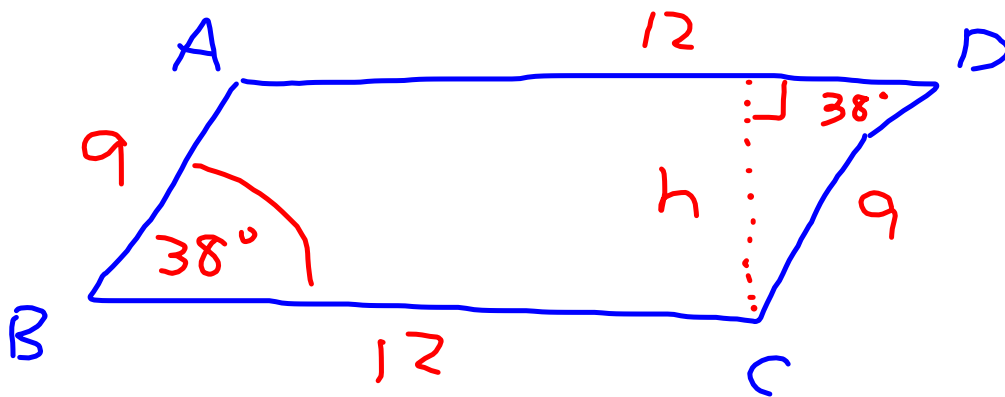
General Rules

$$\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = -\vec{v} \times \vec{u}$$

$$\vec{a} \times (\vec{b} + \vec{c}) = (\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) + (\vec{a} \times \vec{c})$$

$$k(\vec{a} \times \vec{b}) = k\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \vec{a} \times (k\vec{b})$$

Ex. 2: If a parallelogram ~~⊗~~ is formed by $\theta = 38^\circ$, $|\overline{AB}| = 9$, $|\overline{BC}| = 12$, $|\overline{CD}| = 9$, $|\overline{DA}| = 12$, find the area of the parallelogram.



$$\sin 38 = \frac{h}{9}$$

$$h = 9 \cdot \sin 38^\circ$$

Area of a Parallelogram

$$= 12 \cdot 9 \cdot \sin 38^\circ$$

$$= \overline{AB} \times \overline{BC} \text{ (*)}$$

$$\text{Area} = 66.5$$

Cartesian Cross Product

$$\text{Let } \vec{a} = [a_x, a_y, a_z]$$

$$\vec{b} = [b_x, b_y, b_z]$$

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} a_y b_z - a_z b_y, \\ a_z b_x - a_x b_z, \\ a_x b_y - a_y b_x \end{bmatrix}$$

Ex. 3: If $\vec{a} = [3, 4, -2]$,
~~⊗~~ $\vec{b} = [5, -2, 6]$,

find $\vec{a} \times \vec{b}$

i	j	k	i	j	k
3	4	-2	3	4	-2
5	-2	6	5	-2	6

$$4(6)i + (-2)(5)j + 3(-2)k$$

$$-(-2)(-2)i - 3(6)j - 4(5)k$$

$$= 24i - 4i - 10j - 18j - 6k - 20k$$

$$= 20i - 28j - 26k$$

$$= [20, -28, -26]$$

Ex. 4: If $\vec{u} = [3, -6, 4]$,
 $\vec{v} = [1, -2, 8]$,

find $\vec{u} \times \vec{v}$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} i & j & k & i & j & k \\ 3 & -6 & 4 & 3 & -6 & 4 \\ 1 & -2 & 8 & 1 & -2 & 8 \end{array}$$

$$8(-6)i + 4(1)j + 3(-2)k$$

$$- (4)(-2)i - 3(8)j - 1(-6)k$$

$$= -48i + 8i + 4j - 24j - 6k + 6k$$

$$= -40i - 20j + 0k$$

$$= [-40, -20, 0]$$

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#7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 16

Ex. 5 : If $\vec{a} = [3, -2, 4]$
and $\vec{b} = [5, -6, 7]$ find
 θ using the cross product.

$$\vec{a} \times \vec{b} = |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}| \sin \theta \hat{n}$$

$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = |\vec{a}| |\vec{b}| \sin \theta$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|}{|\vec{a}| |\vec{b}|}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc}
 & \text{a} \times \text{b} & & & & \\
 & \text{i} & \text{j} & \text{k} & \text{i} & \text{j} & \text{k} \\
 \text{i} & 3 & -2 & 4 & 3 & -2 & 4 \\
 \text{j} & 5 & -6 & 7 & 5 & -6 & 7
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & 7(-2)i + 4(5)j + 3(-6)k \\
 & - 4(-6)i - 3(7)j - (-2)(5)k
 \end{aligned}$$

$$= -14i + 24j + 20k - 24i - 21j - 10k$$

$$= [10, -1, -8]$$

$$|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}| = \sqrt{10^2 + (-1)^2 + (-8)^2} = \sqrt{165}$$

$$|\vec{a}| = \sqrt{3^2 + (-2)^2 + 4^2} = \sqrt{29}$$

$$|\vec{b}| = \sqrt{5^2 + (-6)^2 + 7^2} = \sqrt{110}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\sin \theta &= \frac{|\vec{a} \times \vec{b}|}{|\vec{a}| |\vec{b}|} \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{165}}{\sqrt{29} \sqrt{110}}\end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\theta = 13.1^\circ}$$